By: Representative Hines

To: Juvenile Justice

HOUSE BILL NO. 348

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-321, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO REQUIRE YOUTH DETENTION STAFF TO NOTIFY SCHOOL DISTRICTS IF A 3 DETAINED CHILD MISSES ONE OR MORE DAYS FROM SCHOOL DUE TO SUCH CHILD'S DETAINMENT; TO AMEND SECTION 43-21-605, MISSISSIPPI CODE 4 5 OF 1972, IN CONFORMITY THERETO; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI: 6 7 SECTION 1. Section 43-21-321, Mississippi Code of 1972, is amended as follows: 8 9 43-21-321. (1) All juveniles shall undergo a health 10 screening within one (1) hour of admission to any juvenile detention center, or as soon thereafter as reasonably possible. 11 12 Information obtained during the screening shall include, but shall not be limited to, the juvenile's: 13 14 (a) Mental health; 15 (b) Suicide risk; 16 Alcohol and other drug use and abuse; (C) Physical health; 17 (d) Aggressive behavior; 18 (e) (f) Family relations; 19 20 (g) Peer relations; 21 (h) Social skills; Educational status; and 22 (i) 23 (j) Vocational status. If the screening instrument indicates that a juvenile is 24

in need of emergency medical care or mental health intervention

services, the detention staff shall refer those juveniles to the

25

- 29 If the screening instrument, such as the Massachusetts Youth
- 30 Screening Instrument version 2 (MAYSI-2) or other comparable
- 31 mental health screening instrument indicates that the juvenile is
- 32 in need of emergency medical care or mental health intervention
- 33 services, the detention staff shall refer the juvenile to the
- 34 proper health care facility or community mental health service
- 35 provider for further evaluation, recommendation and referral for
- 36 treatment, if necessary, within forty-eight (48) hours, excluding
- 37 Saturdays, Sundays and statutory state holidays.
- 38 (3) All juveniles shall receive a thorough orientation to
- 39 the center's procedures, rules, programs and services. The intake
- 40 process shall operate twenty-four (24) hours per day.
- 41 (4) The directors of all of the juvenile detention centers
- 42 shall amend or develop written procedures for admission of
- 43 juveniles who are new to the system. These shall include, but are
- 44 not limited to, the following:
- 45 (a) Determine that the juvenile is legally committed to
- 46 the facility;
- 47 (b) Make a complete search of the juvenile and his
- 48 possessions;
- 49 (c) Dispose of personal property;
- 50 (d) Require shower and hair care, if necessary;
- 51 (e) Issue clean, laundered clothing, as needed;
- 52 (f) Issue personal hygiene articles;
- 53 (g) Perform medical, dental and mental health
- 54 screening;
- 55 (h) Assign a housing unit for the juvenile;
- 56 (i) Record basic personal data and information to be
- 57 used for mail and visiting lists;
- 58 (j) Assist juveniles in notifying their families of
- 59 their admission and procedures for mail and visiting;
- (k) Assign a registered number to the juvenile; and

- (1) Provide written orientation materials to the
- 62 juvenile.
- (5) If a student's detention will cause him or her to miss
- one or more days of school the detention center staff shall notify
- 65 school district officials where the detainee last attended school
- 66 by the first school day following the student's placement in the
- 67 facility. Detention center staff shall not disclose youth court
- 68 records to the school district, except as provided by Section
- 69 43-21-261.
- 70 (6) All juvenile detention centers shall adhere to the
- 71 following minimum standards:
- 72 (a) Each center shall have a manual that states the
- 73 policies and procedures for operating and maintaining the
- 74 facility, and the manual shall be reviewed annually and revised as
- 75 needed;
- 76 (b) Each center shall have a policy that specifies
- 77 support for a drug-free workplace for all employees, and the
- 78 policy shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- 79 (i) The prohibition of the use of illegal drugs;
- 80 (ii) The prohibition of the possession of any
- 81 illegal drugs except in the performance of official duties;
- 82 (iii) The procedure used to ensure compliance with
- 83 a drug-free workplace policy;
- 84 (iv) The opportunities available for the treatment
- 85 and counseling for drug abuse; and
- 86 (v) The penalties for violation of the drug-free
- 87 workplace policy;
- 88 (c) Each center shall have a policy, procedure and
- 89 practice that ensures that personnel files and records are
- 90 current, accurate and confidential;
- 91 (d) Each center shall promote the safety and protection
- 92 of juvenile detainees from personal abuse, corporal punishment,
- 93 personal injury, disease, property damage and harassment;

- 94 (e) Each center shall have written policies that allow
- 95 for mail and telephone rights for juvenile detainees, and the
- 96 policies are to be made available to all staff and reviewed
- 97 annually;
- 98 (f) Center food service personnel shall implement
- 99 sanitation practices based on State Department of Health food
- 100 codes;
- 101 (g) Each center shall provide juveniles with meals that
- 102 are nutritionally adequate and properly prepared, stored and
- 103 served according to the State Department of Health food codes;
- 104 (h) Each center shall offer special diet food plans to
- 105 juveniles under the following conditions:
- 106 (i) When prescribed by appropriate medical or
- 107 dental staff; or
- 108 (ii) As directed or approved by a registered
- 109 dietitian or physician; and
- 110 (iii) As a complete meal service and not as a
- 111 supplement to or choice between dietary meals and regular meals;
- (i) Each center shall serve religious diets when
- 113 approved and petitioned in writing by a religious professional on
- 114 behalf of a juvenile and approved by the juvenile detention center
- 115 director;
- 116 (j) Juvenile detention center directors shall provide a
- 117 written method of ensuring regular monitoring of daily
- 118 housekeeping, pest control and sanitation practices, and centers
- 119 shall comply with all federal, state and local sanitation and
- 120 health codes;
- 121 (k) Juvenile detention center staff shall screen
- 122 detainees for medical, dental and mental health needs during the
- 123 intake process. If medical, dental or mental health assistance is
- 124 indicated by the screening, or if the intake officer deems it
- 125 necessary, the detainee shall be provided access to appropriate
- 126 health care professionals for evaluation and treatment. Youth who

- 127 are held less than seventy-two (72) hours shall receive treatment
- 128 for emergency medical, dental or mental health assistance or
- 129 chronic conditions if a screening indicates such treatment is
- 130 needed. A medical history of all detainees shall be completed by
- 131 the intake staff of the detention center immediately after arrival
- 132 at the facility by using a medical history form which shall
- 133 include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 134 (i) Any medical, dental and mental health
- 135 treatments and medications the juvenile is taking;
- 136 (ii) Any chronic health problems such as
- 137 allergies, seizures, diabetes, hearing or sight loss, hearing
- 138 conditions or any other health problems; and
- 139 (iii) Documentation of all medications
- 140 administered and all health care services rendered;
- (1) Juvenile detention center detainees shall be
- 142 provided access to medical care and treatment while in custody of
- 143 the facility;
- 144 (m) Each center shall provide reasonable access by
- 145 youth services or county counselors for counseling opportunities.
- 146 The youth service or county counselor shall visit with detainees
- 147 on a regular basis;
- 148 (n) Juvenile detention center detainees shall be
- 149 referred to other counseling services when necessary including:
- 150 mental health services; crisis intervention; referrals for
- 151 treatment of drugs and alcohol and special offender treatment
- 152 groups;
- 153 (o) Local school districts shall work collaboratively
- 154 with juvenile detention center staff to provide special education
- 155 services as required by state and federal law. Upon the written
- 156 request of the youth court judge for the county in which the
- 157 detention center is located, a local school district in the county
- 158 in which the detention center is located, or a private provider
- 159 agreed upon by the youth court judge and sponsoring school

district, shall provide a certified teacher to provide educational 160 161 services to detainees. The youth court judge shall designate said 162 school district which shall be defined as the sponsoring school 163 district. The local home school district shall be defined as the 164 school district where the detainee last attended prior to detention. Teacher selection shall be in consultation with the 165 youth court judge. The Legislature shall annually appropriate 166 167 sufficient funds for the provision of educational services, as 168 provided under this act, to detainees in detention centers. The sponsoring school district, or a private 169 170 provider agreed upon by the youth court judge and sponsoring school district, shall be responsible for providing the necessary 171 172 instructional program for the student. After forty-eight (48)

175 computer-based:
176 (i) Diagnostic assessment of grade-level mastery

detainee shall receive the following services which may be

hours of detention, excluding legal holidays and weekends, the

- 178 (ii) Individualized instruction and practice to 179 address any weaknesses identified in the assessment conducted 180 under subparagraph (i), provided such detainee is in the center
- 182 (iii) Character education to improve behavior.

for more than forty-eight (48) hours; and

- No later than the tenth day of detention, the 183 (q) 184 detainee shall begin an extended detention education program. A team consisting of a certified teacher provided by the local 185 186 sponsoring school district or a private provider agreed upon by 187 the youth court judge and sponsoring school district, the 188 appropriate official from the local home school district, and the 189 youth court counselor or representative will develop an 190 individualized education program for the detainee, where 191 appropriate as determined by the teacher of the sponsoring school
- 192 district, or a private provider agreed upon by the youth court

of reading and math skills;

173

174

177

- judge and sponsoring school district. The detainee's parent or
 guardian shall participate on the team unless excused by the youth
 court judge. Failure of any party to participate shall not delay
 implementation of this education program.
- 197 The sponsoring school district, or a private 198 provider agreed upon by the youth court judge and sponsoring 199 school district, shall provide the detention center with an 200 appropriate and adequate computer lab to serve detainees. The 201 Legislature shall annually appropriate sufficient funds to equip and maintain the computer labs. The computer lab shall become the 202 203 property of the detention centers and the sponsoring school 204 districts shall maintain and update the labs.
- 205 (s) The Mississippi Department of Education will 206 collaborate with the appropriate state and local agencies, 207 juvenile detention centers and local school districts to ensure 208 the provision of educational services to every student placed in a juvenile detention center. Such services may include, but not be 209 210 limited to: assessment and math and reading instruction, 211 character education and behavioral counseling. The Mississippi 212 Department of Education shall work with the appropriate state and local agencies, juvenile detention centers and local school 213 214 districts to annually determine the proposed costs for educational 215 services to youth placed in juvenile detention centers and annually request sufficient funding for such services as 216 217 necessary.
- 218 (t) Recreational services shall be made available to 219 juvenile detainees for purpose of physical exercise;
- 220 (u) Juvenile detention center detainees shall have the 221 opportunity to participate in the practices of their religious 222 faith as long as such practices do not violate facility rules and 223 are approved by the director of the juvenile detention center;
- 224 (v) Each center shall provide sufficient space for a
 225 visiting room, and the facility shall encourage juveniles to
 H. B. No. 348

08/HR40/R473 PAGE 7 (OM\BD) maintain ties with families through visitation, and the detainees shall be allowed the opportunity to visit with the social workers, counselors and lawyers involved in the juvenile's care;

Juvenile detention centers shall ensure that staffs create transition planning for youth leaving the facilities. Plans shall include providing the youth and his or her parents or guardian with copies of the youth's detention center education and health records, information regarding the youth's home community, referrals to mental and counseling services when appropriate, and providing assistance in making initial appointments with community service providers; the transition team will work together to help the detainee successfully transition back into the home school district once released from detention. The transition team will consist of a certified teacher provided by the local sponsoring school district, or a private provider agreed upon by the youth court judge and sponsoring school district, the appropriate official from the local home school district, the school attendance officer assigned to the local home school district, and the youth court counselor or representative. The detainee's parent or guardian shall participate on the team unless excused by the youth court judge. Failure of any party to participate shall not delay implementation of this education program; and

- (x) The Juvenile Detention Facilities Monitoring Unit shall monitor the detention facilities for compliance with these minimum standards, and no child shall be housed in a detention facility the monitoring unit determines is substantially out of compliance with the standards prescribed in this subsection.
- (7) Programs and services shall be initiated for all juveniles once they have completed the admissions process.
- 255 (8) Programs and professional services may be provided by 256 the detention staff, youth court staff or the staff of the local 257 or state agencies, or those programs and professional services may

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242

243

244

245

246

247

248

249

250

251

252

253

- 258 be provided through contractual arrangements with community
- 259 agencies.
- 260 (9) Persons providing the services required in this section
- 261 must be qualified or trained in their respective fields.
- 262 (10) All directors of juvenile detention centers shall amend
- 263 or develop written procedures to fit the programs and services
- 264 described in this section.
- 265 **SECTION 2.** Section 43-21-605, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 266 amended as follows:
- 267 43-21-605. (1) In delinquency cases, the disposition order
- 268 may include any of the following alternatives:
- 269 (a) Release the child without further action;
- (b) Place the child in the custody of the parents, a
- 271 relative or other persons subject to any conditions and
- 272 limitations, including restitution, as the youth court may
- 273 prescribe;
- (c) Place the child on probation subject to any
- 275 reasonable and appropriate conditions and limitations, including
- 276 restitution, as the youth court may prescribe;
- 277 (d) Order terms of treatment calculated to assist the
- 278 child and the child's parents or guardian which are within the
- 279 ability of the parent or guardian to perform;
- 280 (e) Order terms of supervision which may include
- 281 participation in a constructive program of service or education or
- 282 civil fines not in excess of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or
- 283 restitution not in excess of actual damages caused by the child to
- 284 be paid out of his own assets or by performance of services
- 285 acceptable to the victims and approved by the youth court and
- 286 reasonably capable of performance within one (1) year;
- 287 (f) Suspend the child's driver's license by taking and
- 288 keeping it in custody of the court for not more than one (1) year;
- (g) Give legal custody of the child to any of the
- 290 following:

291 The Department of Human Services for (i) 292 appropriate placement; or (ii) Any public or private organization, 293 294 preferably community-based, able to assume the education, care and 295 maintenance of the child, which has been found suitable by the 296 court; or 297 (iii) The Department of Human Services for 298 placement in a wilderness training program or the Division of 299 Youth Services for placement in a state-supported training school, 300 except that no child under the age of ten (10) years shall be 301 committed to a state training school, and no first-time nonviolent 302 youth offenders shall be committed to a state training school 303 until all other options provided for in this section have been 304 considered and the court makes a specific finding of fact that 305 commitment is appropriate. 306 The training school may retain custody of the child until the 307 child's twentieth birthday but for no longer. When the child is 308 committed to a training school, the child shall remain in the 309 legal custody of the training school until the child has made 310 sufficient progress in treatment and rehabilitation and it is in 311 the best interest of the child to release the child. However, the 312 superintendent of a state training school, in consultation with 313 the treatment team, may parole a child at any time he may deem it in the best interest and welfare of such child. Twenty (20) days 314 315 prior to such parole, the training school shall notify the 316 committing court of the pending release. The youth court may then 317 arrange subsequent placement after a reconvened disposition 318 hearing, except that the youth court may not recommit the child to 319 the training school or any other secure facility without an 320 adjudication of a new offense or probation or parole violation. The Department of Human Services shall ensure that staffs create 321 322 transition planning for youth leaving the facilities. Plans shall 323 include providing the youth and his or her parents or guardian H. B. No. 348

08/HR40/R473 PAGE 10 (OM\BD) 324 with copies of the youth's training school education and health 325 records, information regarding the youth's home community, 326 referrals to mental and counseling services when appropriate, and 327 providing assistance in making initial appointments with community 328 service providers. Prior to assigning the custody of any child to any private institution or agency, the youth court through its 329 330 designee shall first inspect the physical facilities to determine that they provide a reasonable standard of health and safety for 331 the child. No child shall be placed in the custody of a state 332 training school for a status offense or for contempt of or 333 334 revocation of a status offense adjudication unless the child is 335 contemporaneously adjudicated for having committed an act of 336 delinquency that is not a status offense. A disposition order 337 rendered under this subparagraph shall meet the following 338 requirements: 339 1. The disposition is the least restrictive alternative appropriate to the best interest of the child and the

340 341 community;

The disposition allows the child to be in reasonable proximity to the family home community of each child given the dispositional alternatives available and the best interest of the child and the state; and

3. The disposition order provides that the court has considered the medical, educational, vocational, social and psychological guidance, training, social education, counseling, substance abuse treatment and other rehabilitative services required by that child as determined by the court;

351 Recommend to the child and the child's parents or (h) 352 guardian that the child attend and participate in the Youth 353 Challenge Program under the Mississippi National Guard, as created in Section 43-27-203, subject to the selection of the child for 354 355 the program by the National Guard; however, the child must

342

343

344

345

346

347

348

349

volunteer to participate in the program. The youth court shall not order any child to apply for or attend the program;

(i) (i) Adjudicate the juvenile to the Statewide

Juvenile Work Program if the program is established in the court's

jurisdiction. The juvenile and his parents or guardians must sign
a waiver of liability in order to participate in the work program.

The judge will coordinate with the youth services counselors as to

placing participants in the work program;

(ii) The severity of the crime, whether or not the juvenile is a repeat offender or is a felony offender will be taken into consideration by the judge when adjudicating a juvenile to the work program. The juveniles adjudicated to the work program will be supervised by police officers or reserve officers. The term of service will be from twenty-four (24) to one hundred twenty (120) hours of community service. A juvenile will work the hours to which he was adjudicated on the weekends during school and weekdays during the summer. Parents are responsible for a juvenile reporting for work. Noncompliance with an order to perform community service will result in a heavier adjudication. A juvenile may be adjudicated to the community service program only two (2) times;

(iii) The judge shall assess an additional fine on the juvenile which will be used to pay the costs of implementation of the program and to pay for supervision by police officers and reserve officers. The amount of the fine will be based on the number of hours to which the juvenile has been adjudicated;

- 382 (j) Order the child to participate in a youth court
 383 work program as provided in Section 43-21-627;
- 384 (k) Order the child into a juvenile detention center
 385 operated by the county or into a juvenile detention center
 386 operated by any county with which the county in which the court is
 387 located has entered into a contract for the purpose of housing
 388 delinquents. The time period for detention cannot exceed ninety

H. B. No. 348

389 (90) days, and any detention exceeding forty-five (45) days shall 390 be administratively reviewed by the youth court no later than forty-five (45) days after the entry of the order. The youth 391 392 court judge may order that the number of days specified in the 393 detention order be served either throughout the week or on weekends only. No first-time nonviolent youth offender shall be 394 395 committed to a detention center for a period of ninety (90) days until all other options provided for in this section have been 396 397 considered and the court makes a specific finding of fact that commitment to a detention center is appropriate. However, if a 398 399 child is committed to a detention center ninety (90) consecutive 400 days, the disposition order shall meet the following requirements: 401 (i) The disposition order is the least restrictive 402 alternative appropriate to the best interest of the child and the 403 community; 404 (ii) The disposition order allows the child to be 405 in reasonable proximity to the family home community of each child 406 given the dispositional alternatives available and the best 407 interest of the child and the state; and (iii) The disposition order provides that the

(iii) The disposition order provides that the

409 court has considered the medical, educational, vocational, social

410 and psychological guidance, training, social education,

411 counseling, substance abuse treatment and other rehabilitative

412 services required by that child as determined by the court; or

413 (1) Referral to A-team provided system of care

415 (2) If a disposition order requires that a child miss school
416 due to other placement, the youth court shall notify a child's
417 school while maintaining the confidentiality of the youth court
418 process. If a disposition order requires placement of a child in
419 a juvenile detention facility, the facility shall comply with the
420 educational services and notification requirements of Section
421 43-21-321.

414

services.

- 422 (3) In addition to any of the disposition alternatives
 423 authorized under subsection (1) of this section, the disposition
 424 order in any case in which the child is adjudicated delinquent for
 425 an offense under Section 63-11-30 shall include an order denying
 426 the driver's license and driving privileges of the child as
 427 required under Section 63-11-30(9).
- 428 If the youth court places a child in a state-supported (4)429 training school, the court may order the parents or guardians of 430 the child and other persons living in the child's household to receive counseling and parenting classes for rehabilitative 431 432 purposes while the child is in the legal custody of the training 433 school. A youth court entering an order under this subsection (4) shall utilize appropriate services offered either at no cost or 434 435 for a fee calculated on a sliding scale according to income unless 436 the person ordered to participate elects to receive other 437 counseling and classes acceptable to the court at the person's 438 sole expense.
- (5) Fines levied under this chapter shall be paid into the general fund of the county but, in those counties wherein the youth court is a branch of the municipal government, it shall be paid into the municipal treasury.
- 443 (6) Any institution or agency to which a child has been 444 committed shall give to the youth court any information concerning 445 the child as the youth court may at any time require.
- 446 (7) The youth court shall not place a child in another
 447 school district who has been expelled from a school district for
 448 the commission of a violent act. For the purpose of this
 449 subsection, "violent act" means any action which results in death
 450 or physical harm to another or an attempt to cause death or
 451 physical harm to another.
- 452 (8) The youth court may require drug testing as part of a
 453 disposition order. If a child tests positive, the court may
 454 require treatment, counseling and random testing, as it deems
 H. B. No. 348

455	appropriate. The costs of such tests shall be paid by the parent,
456	guardian or custodian of the child unless the court specifically
457	finds that the parent, guardian or custodian is unable to pay.
458	(9) The Mississippi Department of Human Services, Division
459	of Youth Services, shall operate and maintain services for youth
460	adjudicated delinquent at Columbia and Oakley Training Schools.
461	The program shall be designed for children committed to the
462	training schools by the youth courts. The purpose of the program
463	is to promote good citizenship, self-reliance, leadership and
464	respect for constituted authority, teamwork, cognitive abilities
465	and appreciation of our national heritage. The Division of Youth
466	Services shall issue credit towards academic promotions and high
467	school completion. The Division of Youth Services may award
468	credits to each student who meets the requirements for a general
469	education development certification. The Division of Youth
470	Services must also provide to each special education eligible
471	youth the services required by that youth's individualized
472	education plan.
473	SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from
474	and after July 1, 2008.